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Unnamed Definite Integral: To better than .00055 over $(0,\infty)$.

$$N(x) = \frac{30}{77}4 \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\left(\frac{x}{t}\right)^{7}t^{7}dt}}{e^{t^{2}-1}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+.38382x^{6}-.55605x^{7}+.34791x^{8}-.10369x^{9}+.01245x^{10}}$$

Pearson Cosine Transformation: To better than .00017 over (0,1),

$$r(x) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{1+\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{-1-4.828 \, \pi + 7.866 \, \pi^2 - 2.038 \, \pi^3}{1+5.560 \, \pi - 4.985 \, \pi^2 + .385 \, \pi^3}, \, \, \pi = \frac{x}{.16+.84x}.$$

 $r(x^{-1}) = -r(x)$ can be used to obtain function values over $(1, \infty)$.

Bessel Function: To better than .00008 over $(0,\infty)$,

$$e^{-x}I_1(x) \doteq \frac{x}{\sqrt{15.4+74.8x+67.2x^2+235.8x^3+43.5x^4+59.4x^5+39.6x^6}}$$

Mach Number in Terms of Pressure Ratio: To better than .0021 over $.3 \le M \le 3$, the inverse of the function defined by

$$x = \frac{P}{P_{fi}} = \left[1 + \left(\frac{t-1}{2}\right)M^2\right]^{-\frac{\lambda}{V-1}}$$

over $.3 \le M \le 1$ and

$$x = \frac{P}{P_R} = \left[\frac{2 Y}{Y+1} \right] M^2 - \left(\frac{Y-1}{Y+1} \right) \frac{1}{Y-1}$$

$$\left[\frac{Y+1}{2} \right] M^2 = \frac{Y}{Y-1}$$

over $1 \le M \le 3$ where 8 = 1.4, is given by

$$M = \frac{8.11 + 23.60x - 39.66x^2 + 8.98x^3}{1 + 28.70x - 15.99x^2 - 5.74x^3}.$$

Natural Addition Logarithm: To better than .00026 over $0 \le x \le \infty$,

$$\ell_{n(1+e^{-x})} \doteq \frac{\ell_{n2}}{(1+.3581x+.1151x^2+.0094x^3+.0052x^4)^2}$$

Natural Addition Logarithm: To better than .000,045 over $0 \le x \le \infty$,

$$\ell_{n(1+e^{-x})} \doteq \frac{\ell_{n2}}{(1+.36123x+.10204x^2+.02411x^3-.00055x^4+.00069x^5)^2}$$

Natural Addition Loyarithm: To better than .000,008 over $0 \le x \le \infty$,

$$\ln (1 + e^{-x}) = \frac{\ln 2}{(1 + .360571x + .105546x^2 + .018760x^3 + .002654x^4 - .000100x^5 + .000066x^6)^2}$$